

Junto à maioria das questões, o texto 2 manteve o nível tradicional de vocabulário / gramática exigido pelo vestibular da UDESC. O primeiro texto trouxe algo incomum – uma poesia. Entender o sentido de uma poesia requer uma visão dissociada do sentido literal de algumas palavras. O “entendimento do todo” (entender as idéias e não se ater aos detalhes) foi importantíssimo; assim o candidato identificaria os elementos necessários para compreender a mensagem principal e responder às questões. Vale lembrar que algumas palavras não fazem parte do dia-a-dia de falantes da língua inglesa. Espero que todos tenham feito uma boa prova !

Celinho

INGLÊS

Text 1

There, in the pasture greenery,
Sun mottling Nature's breast,
It was the summer wind's song
That filled me with its crest.
Emotion running rampant--
Rivers to the sea--
I could not even fathom the flood of you and me.
But take me in your arms again
And do not talk of time.
Let flesh rub flesh to parchment--
Pale flowers crushed--
And grind more mortar for my soul's room . . .
Paint mirrors for my mind.

(Michela Curtis: www.poetry.com)

According to **Text 1**, answer the questions below:

41. What sentence from the text above is talking about scenery?

- a) Emotion running rampant
- b) And do not talk of time
- c) There, in the pasture greenery**
- d) Paint mirrors for my mind
- e) But take me in your arms again

O enunciado pede a alternativa que fala sobre o cenário. A primeira frase do texto (alternativa c) diz: “Lá, no verde do pasto...”

42. Analyze the best answer to complete the following sentence, giving it the same meaning as in the text.

Emotion running _____

Rivers to the sea _____

I could not even _____ the _____ of you and me.

Mark the right alternative.

- a) controlled, imagine, flight

- b) suddenly, exchange, love
- c) apart, bring, feelings
- d) with no control, understand, blow
- e) fast, know, sensation

*“...Emotion running rampant--
Rivers to the sea
I could not even fathom the flood of you and me...”*

Rampant = desmedido, desenfreado, sem controle
***with no control (sem controle)

Fathom = compreensível, profundidade, sondar, penetrar, profundar
***understand (entender)

Flood = inundação, enchente, cheia, fluxo
***blow (soprar, assoprar, ventar, mover em corrente)

43. The words: **its** (in line 4), **even** (in line 7) and **rampant** (in line 5), are used in the text as:

- a) Pronoun, adverb, adjective
- b) Pronoun, noun, adverb
- c) Verb, pronoun, adjective
- d) Pronoun, verb, noun
- e) Adjective, substantive, verb

ITS é um “Possessive Pronoun”

EVEN é um “Adverb”

RAMPANT é, nesta frase, um “ADJECTIVE”. (Emoção ficando *incontrolável* – Emoção Incontrolável)

44. The word **its** in line 4 of the text, refers to:

- a) the song
- b) the sun
- c) the rivers
- d) the flood
- e) the summer

“It was the summer wind's song that filled me with its crest.”

Foi a música da brisa (vento) do verão que me completou (encheu) com seu timbre.

O timbre da música

Text 2

Ningaloo Reef

Take a dive with hundreds of tropical fish, colorful coral and the world's biggest fish, the whale shark, at unspoilt Ningaloo Reef.

The reef on Western Australia's mid north coast, has gained an impressive reputation as one of Earth's last ocean paradise. It's one of the largest fringing reefs in the world and unlike many others; you can get to it just by stepping off the beach.

The marine park stretches 260 kilometers from Bundegi Reef near the town of Exmouth to Amherst Point near Coral Bay in the south. It reaches nearly 20 kilometers seaward, encompassing a massive 5,000 square kilometers of ocean with 500 species of tropical fish and 220 species of coral in all.

Nothing can compare to the thrill of swimming beside a whale shark. These docile creatures visit the reef each year between April and June. Rare turtle species hatch here in late January and February. Watch this amazing natural phenomenon on special guided, eco-interactive trails.

Accommodation in the area is comfortable and ranges from camping and backpacker style to chalets, motels, eco-retreats and self catering apartments. It's not all about the water at Ningaloo go four wheel driving to Cape Range National Park to see amazing red rock canyons and gorges. Getting there is easy take a two hour flight north of Perth, or give yourself two days to drive there from the capital.

(www.westernaustralia.com)

According to **Text 2**, answer the questions below:

45. What is the correct comparative of superiority form of the adjectives: comfortable, near, rare, easy.

- a) more comfortable, more near, more rare, more easier
- b) the most comfortable, nearest, rarest, easiesty
- c) **more comfortable, nearer, rarer, easier**
- d) comfortabler, nearest, rarer, more easy
- e) the more comfortable, the nearer, the rarer, the easier

comfortable = more + comfortable + than

near = near + er + than

rare = rare + r + than

easy = eas + ier + than

46. According to the text:

- I Ningaloo Reef isn't one of the last ocean paradises.
- II There are 720 living species at the marine park.
- III The turtles visit the reef from April to June.
- IV There are several kinds of accommodations in the Reef's area.
- V It's easy to reach the reef.

Mark the right alternative.

- a) Only II, III and IV are correct.
- b) **Only II, IV and V are correct.**
- c) Only I, IV, and V are correct.
- d) Only III, IV and V are correct.
- e) Only I, II, and III are correct.

// = ...with 500 species of tropical fish and 220 species of coral in all. (500 + 220)

/V= ...Accommodation in the area is comfortable and ranges from camping and backpacker style to chalets, motels, eco-retreats and self catering apartments. (several = vários, várias, diversos, diversas)

V= ...Getting there is easy...

47. The word **unlike** in line 5, of the text, means:

- a) together.
- b) similar.
- c) **different.**
- d) loving.
- e) equal.

Like = igual, mesmo (equal, same)

Un = prefixo de negação

Un + Like = Não igual (diferente)

48. The sentence Nothing can compare to the thrill of swimming beside a whale shark , means:

- a) That there isn't anything like the sensation of swimming next to a whale shark.
- b) That there are many possibilities to swim next to a whale shark.
- c) That it is scaring to swim next to a whale shark.
- d) That you would never see a whale shark swimming there.
- e) That we can't compare whales to sharks.

BESIDE = ao lado de, perto de, junto a
***NEXT TO = perto de

THRILL = excitação, emoção, sensação
***SENSATION = sensação

NO = not + any (NOTHING = isN'T ANYthing)

49. According to the text: **four wheel**, in four wheel driving (line 17); **two hour**; in two hour flight (line 19); are:

- a) Adverbs of frequency
- b) Just amounts
- c) Verbs
- d) Compound adjectives
- e) Numbers

FOUR-WHEEL DRIVING = Drive a vehicle that has four wheels

TWO-HOUR FLIGHT = A flight that takes two hours

****FIVE-LETTERS WORD* = A word that contains five letters

****EIGHT-YEAR OLD KID* = A kid that is eight years old

Adjetivos são qualidades / características de substantivos.

50. Mark true (T) or false (F) according to the text:

- () There are more than a hundred species of fish in the park.
- () You can go there by train or bus.
- () The sharks visit the reef throughout the year.
- () The reef has got an awful reputation.

Mark the right alternative.

- a) FTFT
- b) TFTF
- c) TTTF
- d) FFTT
- e) TFFF

(T) There are more than a hundred species of fish in the park.

...with hundreds of tropical fish...

(F) You can go there by train or bus.

...you can get to it just by stepping off the beach...

(F) The sharks visit the reef throughout the year.

...These docile creatures visit the reef each year between April and June...

(F) The reef has got an awful reputation. (AWFUL = terrível, tremendo, horrível, horroroso, medonho, muito ruim)

...gained an impressive reputation as one of Earth's last ocean paradise...